

Agency Name:
Address:
Contact Name:
Phone:
Fax:
Email:

Hired and Non-Owned Liability Supplemental Application

All questions must be answered in full. Application must be signed and dated by the applicant.

Applicant's Name _____ Agent _____
Applicant Mailing Address _____ Applicant's Phone Number _____
Web Address _____
Inspection Contact _____
Proposed Policy Period _____ to _____ Phone Number for Inspection Contact _____

HIRED AUTO COVERAGE:

COMPLETE IF HIRED COVERAGE IS DESIRED

- Why is hired auto coverage being requested?

- Estimated number of hired autos annually?
- Provide a description of the types of hired autos to be covered:

- How are the hired autos used?

- What is the maximum distance a hired auto is driven for business purposes?
- What is the average term of the lease?
- At any time, will you subcontract work to others as part of your business operations? Yes No
If yes, provide a detailed description of the type of work subcontracted

- Provide total COST paid to subcontractors
- Is there a written contract agreement? Yes No
If yes, attach a copy.
- Do you require all subcontractors to provide a certificate of insurance for automobile liability? .. Yes No
- Do you lease, hire, rent or borrow any auto, other than a private passenger type Yes No
that is owned or leased by the your employees, volunteers, partners or members
of their household? If yes, give details and how many

- Do you own any commercial vehicles? Yes No
If yes, list below:

Description of Vehicle	Gross Vehicle Weight
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

13. Are any autos used for transportation of public passengers? Yes No
If yes provide details below.
14. Does any agent, independent contractor, or employee lease autos in your name? Yes No
If yes explain below.
15. Are you involved in any arrangements for the borrowing or bartering for the use of any auto? ... Yes No
If yes provide details below.
16. What percentage of the hired auto revenue do you pay to the owners of the autos?
17. Do you provide drivers to operate hired autos? Yes No
If no, will the drivers be required to provide certificates of insurance? Yes No
18. What are the minimum liability limits required by the lessee? _____
19. Will you be named as an additional insured on the lessors policy? Yes No
20. Do you own or control any subsidiary, or are you affiliated with any other entity? Yes No
If yes, provide complete details below.
21. Are any vehicles leased from the subsidiary or affiliate? Yes No
22. Do you have an ICC brokers authority or provide a brokerage service? Yes No
If yes, provide complete details below.
23. Have you had any hired auto losses in the past? Yes No

NON OWNED AUTO COVERAGE:

COMPLETE IF NON-OWNED COVERAGE IS DESIRED

1. Why is non-ownership liability coverage being requested?

2. What types of non-owned vehicles will be used in your business?

3. How will they be used?

4. How often are non-owned autos used in your business? Daily Weekly Monthly
5. What is the estimated number of hours per month?
6. What is the estimated annual mileage for use of all non-owned autos?
7. What is the maximum distance a non-owned auto may be used for business purposes?
8. What is the total number of non-owned autos available for use by your business?.....
9. Total number of employees?
10. Total number of officers and partners?
11. If you are a social service operation, indicate the total number of volunteers furnishing
autos in the course of your operation.
12. Do you require employees and volunteers to have their own insurance? Yes No
If yes, what are the minimum limits required? _____
13. What is the maximum number of volunteers providing service at any one time?
14. Do your employees lease autos on your behalf?..... Yes No
If yes, under whose name are autos leased? _____

15. Do you require evidence of insurance? Yes No
If no, provide complete details below.
16. Do you obtain motor vehicle records for all drivers? Yes No
17. Will you use non-owned autos, other than those owned by employees for business purposes?.. Yes No
If yes, describe under what circumstances below.
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18. Have you or your any of your employees ever had any non-owned auto losses in the past? Yes No
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PLEASE READ BELOW AND COMPLETE SIGNATURE BLOCK ON LAST PAGE

I have reviewed this application for accuracy before signing it. As a condition precedent to coverage, I hereby state that the information contained herein is true, accurate and complete and that no material facts have been omitted, misrepresented or misstated. I know of no other claims or lawsuits against the applicant and I know of no other events, incidents or occurrences which might reasonably lead to a claim or lawsuit against the applicant. I understand that this is an application for insurance only and that completion and submission of this application does not bind coverage with any insurer.

IMPORTANT NOTICE: As part of our underwriting procedure, a routine inquiry may be made to obtain applicable information concerning character, general reputation, personal characteristics, and mode of living. Upon written request, additional information as to the nature and scope of the report, if one is made, will be provided.

FRAUD STATEMENT – FOR THE STATE(S) OF:

Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, North Carolina, North Dakota, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Texas, Utah, Vermont, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming:

NOTICE: In some states, any person who knowingly (For Maryland add: *or willfully*) presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly (For Maryland add: *or willfully*) presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to (For Alabama add: *restitution*,) fines and confinement in prison (For Alabama add: *or any combination thereof*).

Maine, Tennessee, Virginia, Washington:

It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, or a denial of insurance benefits.

Alaska

A person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive an insurance company files claim containing false, incomplete, or misleading information may be prosecuted under state law.

Arizona

For your protection Arizona law requires the following statement to appear on this form. Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

California

For your protection, California law requires that you be made aware of the following: Any person who knowingly presents false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

Colorado

It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance, and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to a policyholder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policyholder or claimant with regard to a settlement or award payable from insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado division of insurance within the department of regulatory agencies.

Florida

Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer files a statement of claim or an application containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree.

District of Columbia

WARNING: It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant.

Hawaii

Intentionally or knowingly misrepresenting or concealing a material fact, opinion or intention to obtain coverage, benefits, recovery or compensation when presenting an application for the issuance or renewal of an insurance policy or when presenting a claim for the payment of a loss is a criminal offense punishable by fines or imprisonment, or both.

Idaho

Any person who knowingly, and with intent to defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

Indiana

Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud an insurer files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information commits a felony.

Kansas

Any person who commits a fraudulent insurance act is guilty of a crime and may be subject to restitution, fines and confinement in prison. A fraudulent insurance act means an act committed by any person who, knowingly and with intent to defraud, presents, causes to be presented or prepares with knowledge or belief that it will be presented to or by an insurer, purported insurer or insurance agent or broker, any written statement as part of, or in support of, an application for insurance, or the rating of an insurance policy, or a claim for payment or other benefit under an insurance policy, which such person knows to contain materially false information concerning any material fact thereto; or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto.

Minnesota

Any person who files a claim with intent to defraud or help commit a fraud against an insurer is guilty of a crime.

New Hampshire

Any person who, with a purpose to injure, defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is subject to prosecution and punishment for insurance fraud, as provided in RSA 638:20.

New Jersey

Any person who includes any false or misleading information on an application for an insurance policy is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

New Mexico

Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties.

New York

Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime, and shall also be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars and the stated value of the claim for each such violation.

Ohio

Any person who, with intent to defraud or knowing that he is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement is guilty of insurance fraud.

Oklahoma

WARNING – Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, makes any claim for the proceeds of an insurance policy containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

Oregon

Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents materially false information in an application for insurance may be guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison. In order for us to deny a claim on the basis of misstatements, misrepresentations, omissions or concealments on your part, we must show that:

- A. The misinformation is material to the content of the policy;
- B. We relied upon the misinformation; and
- C. The information was either:
 - 1. Material to the risk assumed by us; or
 - 2. Provided fraudulently.

For remedies other than the denial of a claim, misstatements, misrepresentations, omissions or concealments on your part must either be fraudulent or material to our interests. With regard to fire insurance, in order to trigger the right to remedy, material misrepresentations must be willful or intentional. Misstatements, misrepresentations, omissions or concealments on your part are not fraudulent unless they are made with the intent to knowingly defraud.

Pennsylvania

Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.

Producer's Signature

Date

Applicant's Signature

Date